

Conditional Transformations

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What are Conditional Transformations?

- Combining analysis and transformations on programs
 - ◆ (nearly) every transformation requires an analysis
- Based on logic
 - ◆ Program as logic factbase
- Uniformity
 - ◆ Independency from underlying system (e.g. java source code)
- Complex sequences
 - ◆ Combination of simple CT

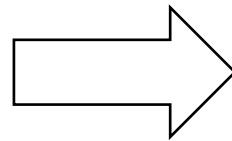
Program as logic factbase

Source code

```
class A {
    public int a;
    private double b;
    float c;

    void m(int i)
    {
        m(i);
    }
}

class B {
    public int j;
    private int k;
    public boolean b;
}
```



Factbase

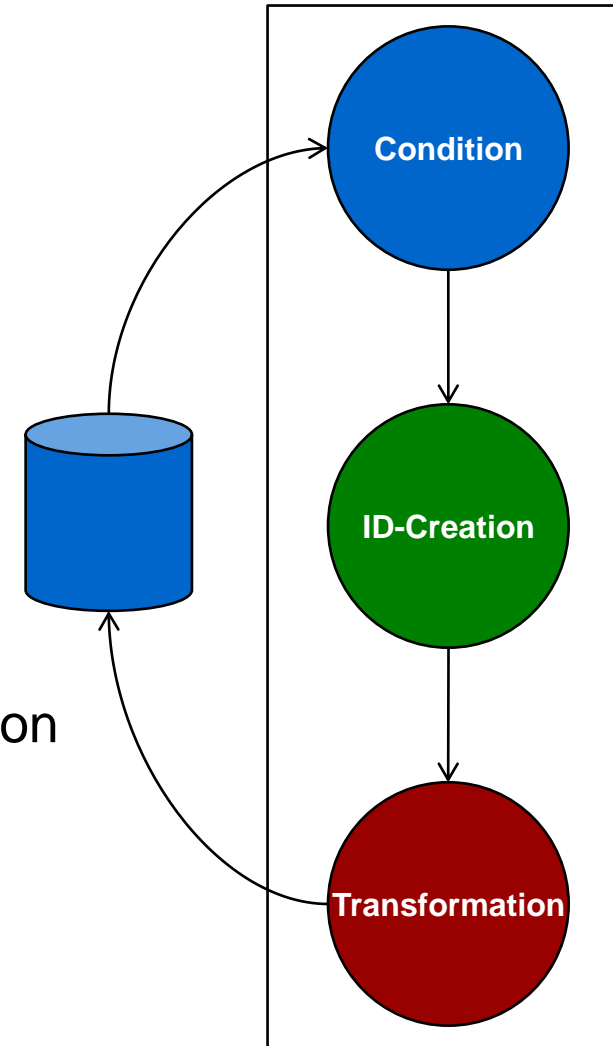
```
classT(1,0,'A',[2,3,4,5])
fieldT(2,1,int,'a')
modifierT(2,,'public')
fieldT(3,1,double,'b')
modifierT(3,'private')
fieldT(4,1,float,'c')
modifierT(4,'package')

methodT(5,1,'m',[6],void,7)
paramT(6,5,int,'i')
blockT(7,5)
...

classT(12,0,'B',[13,14,15])
fieldT(13,12,int,'j')
modifierT(13,'public')
fieldT(14,12,int,'k')
modifierT(14,'private')
fieldT(15,12,boolean,'b')
modifierT(15,'public')
```

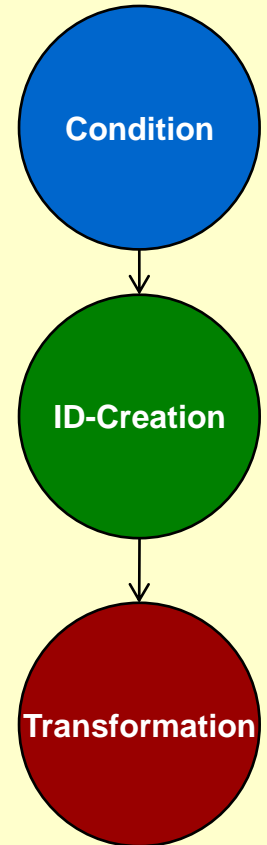
Conditional Transformation

- Program as logic factbase
- Evaluate if the condition is true
 - ◆ Analysing the factbase
- Propagation of valid substitutions (IDs)
- Creation of missing IDs
- Propagation of all required IDs for Transformation
- Changing the factbase



Example: copyFields

```
1  ct( copyField( SrcClass, SrcField, Ftype, Fname, TargetClass, TargetField),
2
3      condition( (
4          fieldT(SrcField, SrcClass, Ftype, Fname, _),
5          not( fieldT(_, TargetClass, _, Fname, _) ),
6          modifierT(SrcField, Mod)
7      ) ),
8
9      idcreation( (
10         new_node_id(TargetField)
11     ) ),
12
13     transformation( (
14         add(fieldT(TargetField, TargetClass, Ftype, Fname, null)),
15         add(modifierT(TargetField, Mod)),
16         add_to_class(TargetClass, TargetField)
17     ))
18 ).
```



Evaluating the condition

Condition

Input: SrcClass = 1, TargetClass = 12

```
condition( (  
  fieldT(SrcField,SrcClass, Ftype, Fname, _),  
  not( fieldT(_,TargetClass, _, Fname, _) ),  
  modifierT(SrcField, Mod)  
) ),
```

SrcClass	Target Class	SrcField	Ftype	Fname	Mod
1	12	2	int	a	public
1	12	4	float	c	package

Substitution Set

Factbase

```
classT(1,0,'A',[2,3,4,5])  
fieldT(2,1,int,'a')  
modifierT(2, 'public')  
fieldT(3,1,double,'b')  
modifierT(3, 'private')  
fieldT(4,1,float,'c')  
modifierT(4, 'package')
```

...

```
classT(12,0,'B',[13,14,15])  
fieldT(13,12,int,'j')  
modifierT(13, 'public')  
fieldT(14,12,int,'k')  
modifierT(14, 'private')  
fieldT(15,12,boolean,'b')  
modifierT(15, 'public')
```

ID-Creation

- No unbound variables are allowed in the transformation
- Variables which are not bound in the condition have to be bound in the ID-Creation
- **new_node_id(Var)**-Command
 - ◆ Creates new, unique ID
 - ◆ Binds variable Var to this ID
 - ◆ For each substitution
- **skip**-Command
 - ◆ If all variables are bound in the condition

```
idcreation( (  
    new_node_id(TargetField)  
) )
```

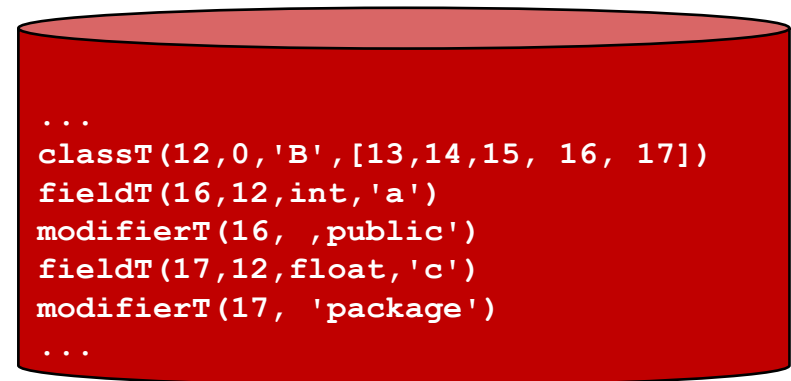
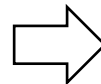
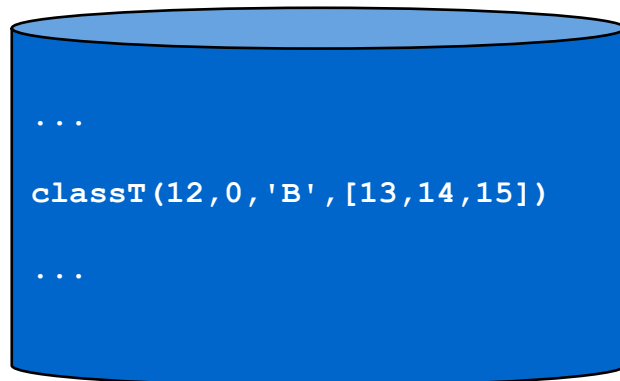


TargetField	...
16	...
17	...

Transformation

- Transformation = Combination of:
 - ◆ add
 - ◆ delete
 - ◆ replace
 - ◆ Prolog predicates (e.g `add_to_class`)

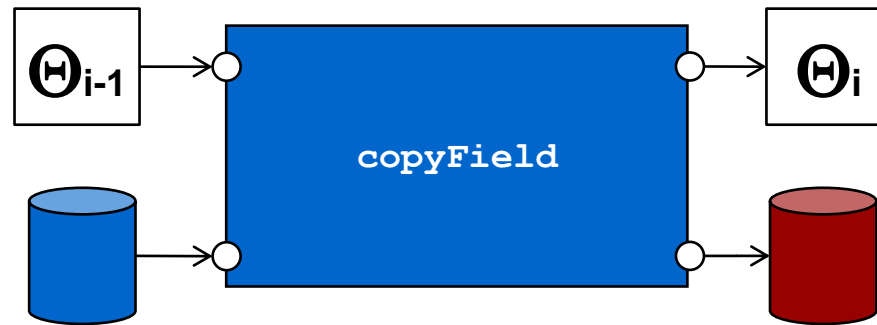
```
transformation( (  
  add(fieldT(TargetField, TargetClass, Ftype, Fname, null)),  
  add(modifierT(TargetField, Mod)),  
  add_to_class(TargetClass, TargetField)  
))
```



Blackbox

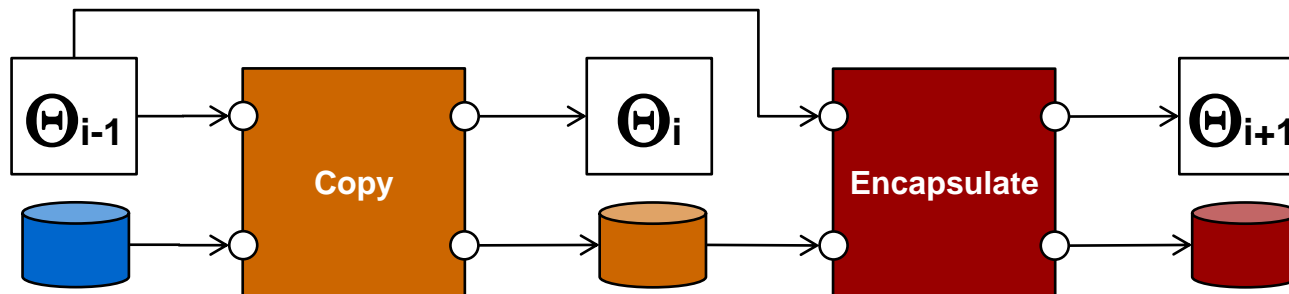
```
copyField( SrcClass, SrcField, Ftype, Fname, TargetClass, TargetField)
```

Blackbox



Sequences

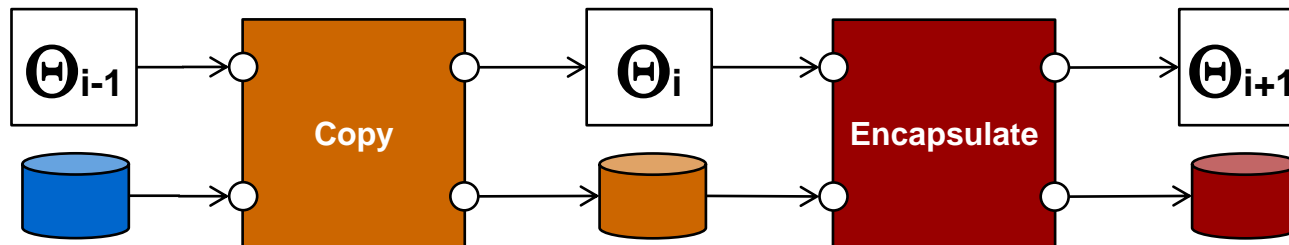
```
ctseq(  
  copyAndEncapsulateFields_Or (SrcClass, SrcField, TargetClass, TargetField) ,  
  
  orseq(  
    ct (copyField (SourceClass, SourceField, FType, Fname, TargetClass, TargetField)) ,  
    ct (encapsulateField (SourceField))  
  )  
).
```



- Copy all possible fields
- Encapsulate all possible fields
 - ◆ No matter if it is a copied field or not

Sequences

```
ctseq(  
  copyAndEncapsulateFields_Prop (SrcClass, SrcField, TargetClass, TargetField) ,  
  
  propseq(  
    ct (copyField (SourceClass, SourceField, FType, Fname, TargetClass, TargetField)) ,  
    ct (encapsulateField (SourceField)) )  
  )  
).
```



- Copy all fields
- Encapsulate only copied fields

CTs in Action

- CT-Example in Eclipse
- Copy fields
- Example for use of sequences